Expanding the low carbon bus market and influencing Government policy

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LOWCVP Low Carbon Vehicle Partnership Connect Collaborate Influence

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Mission: To accelerate a sustainable shift to low carbon vehicles & fuels in the UK and stimulate opportunities for UK business

Facilitate multi-stakeholder engagement with the aims of:

- Building understanding and consensus to overcome market barriers through the provision of robust evidence.
- Developing innovative and collaborative initiatives that stimulate the supply and demand of low carbon vehicles and fuels.
- Influencing Government on low carbon vehicle and fuel policy.



LowCVP - Bus Working Group Activities

| Technical | Policy | Awareness Raising |
|---|---|--|
| Testing & accreditation procedures for LCEB | Created the low carbon emission bus definition | LCEB market monitoring |
| Low Carbon Bus Technology Roadmap Information sharing e.g. demonstration trials, fleet performance | Supporting DfT & OLEV developing fiscal incentives – Green Bus Fund, BOSG LCEB, OLEV Low Emission Bus grant Local Authority Tool Kit 'Barriers and Opportunities to Expand Low Carbon Buses' research study | LCEB news and accreditation updates Low Carbon Emission Bus Case Study Guide and Workshops (2015) Networking with industry, operators and Gov – BWG meetings |

Stakeholder forum chaired by TfL - Bus OEMs, technology, infrastructure and fuel suppliers, bus operators, academia, DfT, OLEV and local authorities



What is a Low Carbon Emission Bus?

A Low Carbon Bus produces at least 30% fewer greenhouse gas emissions than the average Euro 3 equivalent diesel bus of the same total passenger capacity. Greenhouse gas emissions cover 'Well-to-Wheel' (WTW) performance.



GHG emissions associated with fuel production



GHG exhaust emissions - real life bus drive-cycle eg MLTB test cycle.





The Pathway To Zero Emission Buses



Low Carbon Technology Roadmap (LowCVP 2013)



How has policy influenced the LCEB market?

- Green Bus Fund £100m over four years (no longer running)
- BSOG LCEB incentive £6ppkm (under review)



1803 LCEB in service Represents 2% of UK bus market

Barriers to overcome

- Financial
- Technical
- Performance data
- Perception

NEW! OLEV Low Emission Bus Grant £30m between 2015-2020 , details to be announced

Diesel Electric Hybrid Buses

Technology / Market Status

- Combination of diesel engine & lithium battery
- Series or parallel in configuration, combined with stop-start
- 1647 hybrids in service across 21 regions of the UK

Environmental

- CO2 emission saving: up to 30%
- Lower air pollution emissions
- Brighton & Hove Council undertaken real world testing

Barriers to Uptake

- High capital cost
- Uncertainty battery life
- Cost of battery replacement
- Residual value
- Confidence in performance



London, Manchester and Oxford largest fleet



Flywheel Hybrid

Technology

- Electro mechanical energy to drive the bus based on kinetic energy recovery (KERS)
- Retrofit and OEM product
- Go-Ahead Group trialled 8 Gyrodrive (GKN) system, retrofitting 50 buses
- 30 buses in Southampton & 19 Wiltshire Clean Bus Technology Fund

Environmental

- CO2 emissions savings: 15-25%
- Lower air pollution emissions will be demonstrated through CVTF



A flywheel is an alternative energy storage devise to batteries and ultra-capacitors



Electric Buses

Technology / Market Status

- Bus driven entirely by electric motor powered lithium battery
- 64 electric buses in service, 8 regions
- Nottingham largest fleet
- York City Council 1st retrofit double decker electric bus

Environmental

- Zero tail-pipe emissions
- WTW CO2 emission savings: 50 -100%

(carbon intensity of grid)

Barriers to Uptake

- High capital cost
- Uncertainty battery life
- Cost of battery replacement
- Mileage/range
- Cost of charging infrastructure
- Confidence in performance







Demonstrations - Wireless (Induction)Charging

Technology Benefits

- Requires no cable connection
- Battery topped up on route
- High efficiency of transfer (90%+)
- Significantly increases vehicle range

Milton Keynes - Electric Bus

- Mitsui-Arup Joint Venture
- 15 miles in centre of Milton Keynes
- 2014 to 2019

London – Range Extended DD Hybrid 2015

- TfL to trial 3 new ADL Enviro400H buses
- 11km, running time electric ~50ms
- GPS to operate all electric on certain routes



Biomethane Buses

Technology / Market Status

- Spark ignition engine powered by compressed biomethane gas
- Biomethane: anaerobic digestion of organic waste, biomethane injected into natural gas grid, depot refuelling infrastructure
- Green Gas Certificates guarantee biomethane supply
- 119 biomethane buses in service, 6 regions, Reading largest fleet



Compressed biomethane stored on roof

Environmental

- WTW CO2 emission savings: >80%
- Lower air pollution emissions (*when replacing E3/4/5 diesel*)
- Renewable transport fuel, indigenous fuel supply from waste

Barriers to Uptake

- Higher capital cost
- Cost of refueling infrastructure
- Confidence in performance (proven internationally)





Hydrogen Fuel Cell Buses

Technology/Market Status

- Fuel cells convert the chemical energy of hydrogen into electrical energy that powers the bus
- London 8 fuel cell hybrid buses TfL (demonstration)
- Aberdeen 10 fuel cell buses multi0stakholder collaboration
 First Group, Stage Coach, SSE, Aberdeen Council

Environmental

- Zero tail-pipe emissions
- WTW CO2 emission savings: +15% to -90% (Method of H2 generation)

Barriers to Uptake

- Significantly higher capital cost
- High cost of H2 infrastructure
- H&S considerations
- Confidence in performance



London Hydrogen Bus



Aberdeen Hydrogen Bus



LowCVP policy recommendation for stimulating growth in the UK LCEB market

- Uncouple BSOG from fuel use, replace with subsidy per km or per passenger for all buses.
- Modify LCEB incentive to be on a sliding scale based on WTW CO2 savings of the low carbon emission bus e.g. higher CO2 savings technologies receive a higher payment.
- Revise the LCEB accreditation procedure new Euro 5 baseline vehicle and expand testing to cover an 'rural' routes and ancillaries.
- Ensure a technology neutral approach is taken with new vehicle grant schemes and encourage rewarding technologies and fuel in line with their WTW CO2 and air quality performance.
- Consider provision of funding for infrastructure.





For more information or to join LowCVP

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Collaborate Influence